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**New discoveris from Genghis Khan era found in North Kazakhstan**

New scientifle discoveries were made recently in the Ualikhanov Disnrict of the North Kazakhstan Region. The project that made the discoveries is part of the national ani Rukhani Zhangyru (Modernisatiof Kazakhstan's Identity)programme.

Sept. 12, students and teachers of M Kozybayev North Kazakhstan State University (NKSU) togetherwith the representatives of the Margulan Ccntie of Pavlodar State Pedagogical University went on an archaeological expedition the Ualikhanov District of the North Kazakhstan Region, There, in the Lover reaches of the Scleta River, doring the exsavations, the ruins of mausoleums with the rulers burial places and the remains of workahops and kilns where brick and architectiual decor was made, were found. Bricks of various sizes, gold jewellery, ceramic dishes and house­hold items were found in the mazar (burial mound). In total, during half a month, they managed to examine 100 square metres of the territory.

According to the scientists, the repiesentatives of the ruling house of (Genghisides from the dynasty of Jochi Khan (Zhoshi Khan) were buried in the tomb of the medi­eval mausoleum, dating back to the middle of the second half of the 14th century. In addition to the monuments of cult-memorial architecture during the archaeo­logical exploration of the area and the conducted analysis of satellite images and aerial photographs, nu­merous traces of ancient irrigation in the form of darns and irrigation ditches were revealed as well as the fragments of ceramic wheels- ves­sels of water-lifting mechanisms.

According to the head of the archaeological expedition Timur Smagulov, the presence of seven mausoleums of medieval rulers indi­cate the location of nomadic hordes in the area and the previously un­known cultural, political and sacred centre of the nomads who inhabited the steppes of North Kazakhstan.

The evidence of developed sed­entary farming may indicate the lo­cation of settlements and hill forts here, being one of the arguments in favour of academician Alkei Margulan's hypothesis about the exist­ence of monuments of medieval urban culture in ancient times on the territory of North Kazakhstan.

Among the discoverers is NKSU Professor Anatoly Pleshakov, can­didate of historical sciences, who called this discovery grandiose.

The archaeological expedition, seeking to study the nomadic herit­age of the Golden Horde, with the support of the akimats of the North Kazakhstan Region and Ualikhanov District, will continue its work in 2020. The exploration is to cover the entire valley of the lower reach­es of the Seleta River, which is located in the admin of the North Kazal and Akmola region

The project.is ai: ing the body of kn history and culture forming historical and patriotism of students, as well skills, and impro1 tific, methodologic educational level o

In modern cond and importance o tory has grown The main tasks of 1 preservation of his the knowledge oft! development and c society in the fra: Rukhani Zhangyru.

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